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AUTHOR

Janicki, Matthew P.; And Others

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ABSTRACT

A telephone survey of each state's mental retardation/developmental disabilities agency was conducted to determine the national availability of group home type community residential programs. Results revealed a large group home population -- at least 68,000 noninstitutional beds (including specially licensed family care and independent apartments) specifically for people with mental retardation. Data compared with 1977 findings revealed a growth rate of 183 percent in the number of group homes for persons with retardation. Projections for future needs of an additional 55,000 beds to meet the out of home group living needs of persons with mental retardation were made. Listings of contact persons in each state and the District of Columbia were compiled and presented in two appendixes. (CL)

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A Report on the Availability of Group Homes for Persons with Mental Retardation in the United States



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Janicki, M.P. Mayeda,T.

Epple, W.A.

November, 1982

A REPORT ON THE AVAILABILITY OF GROUP HOMES FOR PERSONS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION IN THE UNITED STATES

Matthew P. Janicki¹ Tadeshi Mayeda² William Epple¹

November, 1982

¹New York State Office of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities
44 Holland Avenue Albany, New York 12229

²University of California/Riverside School of Education Riverside, California 92521

Note to Readers

This report was prepared by the senior authors as part of their participation on the Task Force on Fiscal and Program Planning of the National Association of State Mental Retardation Program Directors. The senior authors are solely responsible for its contents. Every effort was made to verify information provided by state representatives. Any and all omissions or errors are the responsibility of the authors. Population referenced rates were included for comparative purposes only and should not be used to serve as a comment on the greater or lesser availability of group home type programs in the individual states. It is recognized that states have a variety of other alternate programs available, as noted in the limitations section. It is hoped that this information will provide a framework for the continued sustenance and development of all types of residential options for persons with mental retardation or other developmental disabilities.

Additional copies may be obtained from the authors or from the National Association of State Mental Retardation Program Directors, 113 Oronoco Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314.

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SUMMARY

A telephone survey of each state's mental retardation/developmental disabilities agency was conducted to determine the national availability of group home type community residential programs. Each of the states was found to have a group home program. Nationally, some 58,063 mentally retarded or otherwise developmentally disabled persons were found residing in 6302 program sites. Of this number, about 15% of the residents were children or adolescents and 85% were adults. Some 18% of group home residents lived in ICFs/MR.

The national average group home size was 9.2 beds/home. Of the total of 6302 homes, 91% were homes of 15 beds or less. Some 92% of the states had 75% of their homes in this size category. About two-thirds of the homes were operated by not-for-profit agencies; 18% were operated by proprietary agencies, and 13% by government. Two-thirds of the states had group homes that were also certified as ICFs/MR. Of the total number of homes nationally, 18% were certified ICFs/MR.

The survey revealed a large group home population. Coupled with those individuals in specially licensed family care and independent apartments, it would appear that there are at least 68,000 non-institutional beds nationally available in community home-like settings specifically for persons with mental retardation. Estimates have been presented that show an additional 55,000 beds should be available to meet the out-of-home group living needs of persons with mental retardation.

Two listings of contact person(s) in each state and the District of Columbia were also compiled. The first listing includes the name, address and telephone number of the contact person(s) in each state's mental retardation/developmental disabilities designated agency that administered, certified, or otherwise oversaw that state's group home programs. This listing appears as Appendix A in this report. The second listing includes the name, address and telephone number of the contact persons(s) for the state's association of group home operators (if such an association existed). This listing appears as Appendix B in this report.

Numerous types of community residential facilities are used by the individual states to provide out-of-home living arrangements for persons with mental retardation or other developmental disabilities. In the 1970's, several national studies examined the variations within these programs (Baker, Seltzer & Seltzer, 1975; Bruininks, Hauber & Kudla, 1980; O'Conner, 1976). Most of these studies employed designs which involved sampling generic community facilities programs to obtain information on their size, character, and occupants. These facilities were chosen for inclusion either because they were not institutional in character (Baker, Seltzer & Seltzer, 1975; O'Conner, 1976) or were not publicly operated (Bruininks, et al, 1980), consequently, discrete program models were not the focus of the studies.

Observers of the deinstitutionalization and communitization process in the United States have noted that a variety of community residential programs have been established at an ever-increasing rate (Braddock, 1981). At the same time institutional populations have decreased in practically all of the states (OMRDD, Note 1). To accommodate this shift in the location of the retarded population, the community residential program that has come most into prominence is the group home. The group home program model can be defined as a small neighborhood-based group living residence that provides a long-term or transitional supervised living environment and is staffed with either live-in or shift personnel.

To determine the scope of the group home program nationally, an investigation was undertaken to determine the number of group homes, the availability of group home beds, the auspice of the programs, and to what extent the group homes were certified as intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded persons (ICFs/MR). This study was undertaken in conjunction with a broader inquiry related to rate setting methodologies conducted by the Task Force on Fiscal and Program Planning of the National Association of State Mental Retardation Program Directors (NASMRPD, Note 2).

METHOD

<u>Participants.</u> The participants were each state's mental retardation/developmental disabilities designated agency that administered, certified, or otherwise oversaw that state's group home programs (<u>Appendix A</u>). 'All fifty states and the District of Columbia were included.



Procedure. Telephone interviews were conducted between April and May, 1982 with representatives of each of the fifty states and the District of Columbia's mental retardation and/or developmental disabilities service agency. Informants were either the agency's representative responsible for the group home program or for client information services. With some exceptions, the one agency was responsible for that state's group home program; in a few instances, however, the responsibility for the oversight of the state's group homes was divided between more than one agency, usually because of the age of the group home residents. In these instances, all the agencies involved were contacted.

January 1, 1982 was used as the standard date for the information requested. In a few instances, states provided information updated to the point of the survey call, but in no case later than May, 1982. Due to the states' differing levels of capability to compile or maintain such information, in a few instances it was impossible to obtain precise information on the actual number of group homes and/or the number of individuals residing in them. For some states, it was only possible to obtain approximations; however, every effort was made to obtain information which was considered reliable by the state's representative.

State agencies were requested to provide information on the group home programs as indicated in the data set section below. Information on foster family care, residential care facilities or schools, or apartments without 24-hour staff was not included in the study, consequently each state's data may not reflect that state's entire community residential facilities program.

Descriptive information was collapsed into a tabular format. State data on persons in group homes were converted to a rate/10,000 basis. State population information was based upon published results of the 1980 Census (Department of Commerce, 1981).

Data Set. A specifically designed interview form was used which permitted the coding of the following information:

- 1. The number of group home sites with a capacity of 15 or less beds and whether the homes were operated by governmental, not-for-profit, or proprietary agencies.
- 2. The number of group home sites with a capacity of 16 or more beds and whether the homes were operated by governmental, not-for-profit, or proprietary agencies.

- The number of group home sites certified as Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICFs/MR) with a capacity of 15 or less beds and whether the ICFs/MR were operated by governmental, not-for-profit, or proprietary agencies. (Information on ICFs/MR with a capacity of 16 beds or more was not used because, in most pant; these were not group home type programs.)
- 4. The number of individuals 17 years of age or younger residing in group homes.
- 5. The number of individuals 18 years of age or older residing in group comes.
- 6. The name, address, and telephone number of the contact person within the state agency responsible for the group home program.
- 7. The name, address, and telephone number of the contact person for the state's association of group home operators (if such an association existed).

Definitions. The following definitions were used as part of the survey:

- Group home a community-based, group living residence for mentally retarded or otherwise developmentally disabled children or adults, providing a home-like environment on a long-term or transitional basis, and staffed by either live-in or shift employees on a 24-hour basis.
 - 2. <u>Intermediate Care Facilities for the Mentally Retarded (ICFs/MR)</u> a community-based, group living residence for mentally retarded or otherwise developmentally disabled children or adults, certified as an ICR/MR under the provisions of 45 CRF 249.12 (DHEW, 1974).
 - 3. Governmental auspice operated by a state, county or other governmental agency.
 - 4. <u>Not-for-profit auspice</u> operated by a not-for-profit voluntary agency or organization.
 - •5. <u>Proprietary auspice</u> operated by a proprietary organization on a for-profit basis.

Limitations of the Data. Information on foster family care, residential care facilities or schools, apartments without 24-hour staff, and nursing facilities was not included in the study. Consequently, each state's data do not reflect that state's total community residential facilities program.



The public, quotable records of each state as they were given to the interviewer were accepted as reliable statements and no verifications of data were made. ..

The "group home" designation has not been standardized nationally and, in spite of attempts by this study to define the term, there is reason to believe that some community facilities may have been excluded from both the count of group homes and the occupants of those homes. Attempts were made to include all group homes in this study but the likelihood, that some were not included should be noted. The reported number of group homes and the occupants of those homes are, in the opinion of the authors, conservative.

The ICF/MR certification process is, in many states, handled by agencies other than the designated mental retardation/developmental disabilities service agency and the number of ICF/MR facilities in a state should be regarded as those that are known by the reporting agency.

RESULTS ~

The survey revealed that all states had group homes and that nationally approximately 58,063 persons resided in such residences, resulting in a national utilization rate of 2.56/10,000 (Table 1). Of this number, 42,781 persons (or 73.6%) resided in homes that were 15 beds or less in size. Practically all states could report the number of individuals in their group home by age. Of the persons identified by age (N=54,727), 7,984 or 14.6% were less than 18 years old and 46,743 or 85.4% were 18 years of age or older. Most children or adolescents resided in homes of 15 beds or less (N=5,010; 62.8%); this was also true, but to a greater degree, among the adults (N=35,244; 75.4%). The smallest and largest number of persons per state residing in group homes was 52 in Hawaii, and 6,836 in California. However, on a per capita basis, the states with the lowest (.25/10,000) and highest (7.25/10,000) utilization rates were Oklahoma and Alaska. Figure 1 graphically portrays the variations in utilization rates nationally.

The 58,063 group home residents were found to be residing in 6302 discrete program sites (<u>Table 2</u>). The national average group home size was 9.2 beds/home, Of this total number of sites, 5,719 or 90.7% were homes of 15 beds or less capacity. In fact, 30 (58.8%) of the states had only homes with 15 beds or less capacity, and 47 (92.2%) of the states had more than 75% of their homes in this category.

Not-for-profit, proprietary, and governmental agencies accounted for 68.3% (N=4,281), 18.4% (N=1,158) and 13.3% (N=834), respectively, of the ownership of the programs. The



number of discrete program sites ranged from 8, the smallest number, in Delaware, to 723, the largest number, in New York. <u>Table 2</u> also reveals the state-by-state breakdown according to auspice, number of residents, and percentage distribution of homes by size category.

Two-thirds (N=34) of the states (as well as the District of Columbia) had group homes certified as ICFs/MR (Table 3). In fact, five states, New York (N=229), Minnesota (N=216), Texas (N=192), Michigan (N=133), and Colorado (N=63), had 72.3% of all the ICF/MR group homes in the nation. These same five states had 73.7% of the nation's ICF/MR group home residents. ICF/MR group homes represented 18.3% of the total number of group home sites nationally, and the 10,664 individuals residing in ICF/MR group homes comprised 18.4% of the nation's group home population.

The overall ICF/MR group home utilization rate was .47/10,000. The individual state rates ranged from .05/10,000 for both Illinois and Kansas, to 5.32/10,000 for Minnesota. Most of the ICF/MR group homes were operated by not-for-profit agencies (72.3%); governmental and proprietary agencies only operated 15.0% and 12.7%, respectively, of the homes.

Twenty-five of the states reported that an organization or organizations existed within the state that represented the interests of the group home providers (Appendix B). Mostly, these were associations of group home operators or administrators.

DISCUSSION

Significant progress has been made by many states in both deinstitutionalization of, and in making more available community living alternatives for, persons with mental retardation and other developmental disabilities (Braddock, 1981; Bruininks, Kudla, Hauber, Hill & Wieck, 1981). The results of this survey confirm that there has been a dramatic growth in the overall availability of group homes. The 611 community residential facilities identified by O'Connor (1976) in 1972-74, and the 3,686 (15 beds or less) community facilities identified in 1977 by Bruininks et al. (1980) have now grown to over 5,700 (and to some 6,300 if larger group homes are considered), representing a growth rate of over 900% over the past ten years.

The 1977 survey also revealed some 23,500 persons in group homes at that time (if we can infer that programs of 15 beds or less were group homes). Our data reveal that some 43,000 (or 58,000 if larger group homes are again considered) individuals now reside in community group homes for persons with retardation, a growth rate of 183%. The 1977 data also indicated an utilization rate of 1.09/10,000 for homes of less than 15 residents. Our



current findings show that the rate has increased to 1.89/10,000 for the same type of programs, and to 2.56/10,000 when greater than 15 bed capacity group homes are included.

Another factor indicative of growth is the more prevalent use of the ICF/MR group homes. Allard and Toff (1980) reported that in 1979, only seventeen states were using the Title XIX ICF/MR program to support a portion of their group homes. With 34 states now using this program model and financing method, a growth rate of some 200%, this increase is notable.

Many states are continuing to develop extensive community living alternatives, but because of the current fiscal climate nationally and in the states individually, this growth may abate. However, there still appears to be an outstanding need for more group home The minimal need for group home, non-ICF/MR type beds has been proposed to be at a rate of 5/10,000 (Alpha Center, Note 3). If this rate was to be attained, it would mean that the nation would need an additional 55,000 group home beds, double that of what exists today. It is known that the total number of specially-licensed foster family care beds (a similar living arrangement) amounts to less than 5-7,000 nationally and has not grown significantly in the past few years (Bruininks, Hill & Thorsheim, 1980; Hill, Note 4), and that specially operated unsupervised apartment beds cannot amount to more than 50% This would mean that about 10,000-11,000 other least restrictive community living alternative beds may be available, but in all probabiliy, most of these are already used. The institutional population nationally has decreased from 190,000 to 130,000 over the past ten years (OMRDD, Note 1)., If this trend continues, then the demand for group home beds certainly shall continue to increase. Given this press, as well as that of new individuals being identified and needing a home-like living situation when movement out of home is necessary or age-appropriate, it may be that the group home type residences may be the only community living alternative that can sustain continued growth. demonstrated growth since the 1970's has indicated that group homes can be made more available.

However, growth can only be sustained when such programs have a sound fiscal base and a well-developed program structure. The majority of the states use a variety of financing mechanisms, such as cost reimbursement, per diem reimbursement, capitation payments, and outcome based reimbursements (NASMRPD, Note 2). Notwithstanding the methods of reimbursement, more critical to the future of this program is the stability of funding for these programs whether emanating from the state legislature, Title XIX Medicaid payments, or other sources. With the current federal administration's ruminations



relative to constraining growth and current spending in human services, the future course of these programs has to be questioned.

On another aspect, we would expect that the group home program structures vary from state to state, and even within the state. There is an obvious need for more information on this program type from a number of perspectives; these would include structural, administrative, and clinical. Empirical data are needed on the manner in which these programs are structured within states. These data should include information on state regulatory processes, systemic supports, financing, service networking, etc. The administrative aspects should include information on administrative practices, staffing, staff training, etc. Information on clinical aspects should address habilitative practices, influences upon resident growth, etc. Indications are that, in many states, the occupant population has shifted to represent a more impaired group, consequently placing a greater demand upon the financing and provision of services within the programs. These aspects need to be considered. Lastly, contrasts with other program models such as foster family care and group homes used by the other sectors within human services (e.g., child welfare or mental health) need to be carried out.

Certainly, the current status of this type of community living alternative justifies inquiries into these issues and the continued growth of this alternative makes this type of research imperative.

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Tables and Figures

- Table 1: Rates and age distributions of people living in group homes as of January, 1982
- Table 2: Number, auspice and utilizaion rates of group home sites as of January, 1982.
- Table 3: Number, auspice and utilization rates for intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded as of January, 1982.
- Figure 1: Utilization rates of group home beds by states, January, 1982.

TABLE 1: RATES AND AGE DISTRIBUTIONS OF PEOPLE LIVING IN GROUP HOMES AS OF JANUARY, 1982

•	_	F	Rates —————	· ————					
•	State	Number Of	Number of	Residente	\$17 V 0111	— Age Dis	stribution ———		
	Population	People Living in	Residents Per	1 Veardents	≤17 Years Qld in	GHs —	Residents	≥18 Years Old i	n GHs
<u>State</u>	(x10,000)	Group Homes	10,000 Population	≤15 Beds*	N14 D-4				
Alabama		, — , —		<u>=17 Deds-</u>	≥16 Beds	Total	<u>≤15 Beds</u> *	≥16 Beds	Total
Alaska	389.0	332	0.86	18	~	.			<u> </u>
	40.0	290	7.25	70	0	/ 18	163	151	314
 Arizona Arkansas 	271.8	/578	2.13	72	60	70	220	0	220
California	228.6	177	0.77	6	0 0	132 .	416	30	446
Colorado	2366.8	6836	2.89		_	0	157	20	177
	288.9	1646	5.70	198	845	845	0	5991	5991
Connecticut	310.7	1150	3.70	95	156	354	1292	0 '	1292
Delaware	59.5	119	2.00		312	407	292	451	743
District of Columbia	63.8	174	2.73	20.	56	73	10	36	46
Florida	973.9	3336	3.43	2u.	0	20√	154	. 0	154
* Georgia	546.4	1279	2.34	65	a	, a	a	8	a
Hawaii	96.5	52	0.54	12	0	65 A	1214	_O ·	1214
Idaho	94.4	420	4.45	1 74	0	12	40	Ō	40
Illinois	1141.8	1402	1.23	1 3	52	126	171	123	294
Indiana	549 . 0	455	0.83	59	7 50	809	87	506	593
Iowa	291.3	1340	4.60	1 9	0 .	- 9	446	. 0	446
Kansas	236.3	777	3.29	343	84	427	615	√298	913
Kentucky	366.1	132	0.36	0 1	0	0	777	0	777
Louisiana	420.3	331	0.79	24	0	24	108	Ö	108
Maine	112.5	626		42	O ,	42	289	<u>0</u> ·	289
Maryland	421.6	236	5.56	25	0	25	601	0 .	
Massachusetts	573.7	1595	0.56 2.78	0	. 0	0	236	0 9	601 236
Michigan	925.8	2900		168	425	593	1002	0 /	1002
Minnesota	407.7	2190	3.13	290	.0	290	2610	Ö.	2610
Mississippi	252.0	144	5.37 0.57	325	. 0	325	1845	20	1865
Missouri	491.7	2269	4.62	5 %	. 0	5	139	0	139
Montana	78.7	555		222	150	372	815	1082	
Nebraska	157.0	600'	7.05	45	' O	45	510	0	1897 510
Nevada ,	79.9	158•	3.82	75	0	75	525	0	
New Hampshire	92.1	299	1.98	36	0	36	122	0	525
New Jersey	736.4	700	3.25	20	0	20	279 5	n	122
New Mexico	130.0	245	0.95	.80	. 0	80	620	0	279
New York	1755.7	6697	1.89	30	0	30	215	0	620
North Carolina	587.4	605	3.81	994	24	1018	5357	. 700	215
North Dakota	65.3	261	1.03	75	0 .	75	530	322 ·	5679
Ohio	1079.7	5028	4.00	16	. 0	16	188	57 .	530
Oklahoma	302.5	77	4.66	343	60	403	3945	680	245
Oregon	263.3	617	0.25	0 .	0	0	77	0	4625
Pennsylvania	1186.7	2104	2.34	12	0	12	457		77
Rhode Island	94.7	2104 368	1.77	442	0 .	442	1662	148 0	605
South Carolina	311.9	230	3.89	20	0	20	348	_	1662
South Dakota	69.0	470	0.74	29	Ō	29	201	0	348
Tennessee	459.1		6.81	50	Ō	50	420	0	201
Texas	1422.8	945	2.06	65	Ō	65	880	0	420
Utah	146.1	2343 197 ~~	1.65	180	Ö	180	2163	0	880
•	170.1	17/	1.35	, 9	Ō	9	188	· 0	2163
9		• •	11					 _	188.
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Table 1 (cont.)

		· · · · · ·	-1
State	State Population (x10,000)	Number Of People Living In Group Homes	Ates Number of Residents Per 10,000 Population
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	51.1 534.6 413.0 195.0 470.5 47.1	141 448 1168 178 2672 171	2.76 0.84 2.83 0.91 5\.68 3.63
Total	22649.7	58063	2.56

ſ			— Age Dia	st:	ribution ————		
	Residents	17 Years Old in	GH8'	1		18 Years Old in	n GHs ——
	≤15 Beds*	≥16 Beds	<u>Total</u>		<u>≤15 Beds</u> *	≥16 Beds	Total
	39 20 177 0 100	0 0 0 0	39 20 177 0 100		102 428 483 148 1526 171	0 0 508 30 1046 0	102 428 991 178 2572
Ŀ	5010	2974	7984		35244	11499	46743

It has been brought to the author's attention by the Georgia Department of Human Resources that the figures pertaining to the number of residents living in group homes in that state are incorrect. The following figures should be substituted in the proper columns of this and subsequent tables:

Number of People Living in Group Homes = 710

Number of Residents Per 10,000 Population = 1.30

Number of Residents ≤17 Years Old in GHs ≤ 15 Beds = 35

Number of Residents ≥18 Years Old in GHs ≤15 Beds = 675

The reader should be aware that these changes affect some of the totals and total rates in this and other tables.

10

^{*}Includes ICF-MR Sites with 15 Beds or less

^{**-}a Indicates total age distribution not easily broken into age of residents by size of sites

TABLE 2: NUMBER, AUSPICE AND UTILIZATION RATES OF GROUP HOME SITES AS OF JANUARY, 1982

•	σ		Num	ber of Grou	p Home		,			Numbo	r of Group H				
			Sites*	≤15 Beds by	y Auspice] ——— R	lates —		INGINDE	6 Beds by A	nome		1 4 6	
	Total Number		٠,	-			11.	'		, 0.100 11	o body by A	dobice		[K	ates ———
	of] .	Volun-	•	-1			Number			,	Total #	, .	Number	Number
*	Group)		volun- táry	Dannaia 🌣	Total #	% of	of Resi-			Volun-		of GH	% of	of Resi-	gf Resi-
12	Home	Govern-	(Non-	Proprie- tary	of GH Sites	Total		dents Per		tary	Proprie-	Sites	Total	dents in	dents per
State >	Sites	ment	Profit	(Profit)	≤ 15 Beds	GH	GH8	10,000	Govern-	(Non-	tary	≥16	GH	GHs .	10,000
		1	1.0111	(1011)	= 17 Dens	Sites	≤15 Beds	Pop.	ment	Profit)	(Profit)	<u>Beds</u>	Sites	≥16 Beds	Pop.
		ļ			-	·	l f ·		1		·	A	<i>y</i>		
Alabama	33	19	-	-	19	58.0	181	0.47	1. _•	_ 2	12			*	
Alaska `	43	-	43	-	43	100.0	290	7.25	1]	• ²		14	42.0	151	0.39
Arizona	110,	13	· 89	6	\$108	- 98.2	1 488	1'. 80	1	2	F .	0 2	0.0	0	0.00
Arkansas	23	-	22	• -	22	95.7	160	0.70	1 -	i	<u>-</u>	1	1.8	90	0.33
California	229	 	(-	:_ ~ ~	0	0.0	9 0	0.00	1 -	190	39	229	4.3 100.0	17	0.07
Colorado Connecticut	184	75	90	1,5	180	97.8	1490	5.16	1 -	. 4	-	. 4	2.2	6836 156	2.89
Connecticut". Delaware	87	15	` 53	-	68	78.2	387	1.25	12	1 7	-	19	21.8	763	0.54 2.45
Dist. of Columb	8 ia 25	1	· , 3 ·	- _	4	50.0	27	0.45	'l -	4	_	4	50.0	92	1.55
Florida	18 25 376 .	- 9	22	_ 3	25	100.0	174	2.73	· -	1 _		ñ	0.0	6	0.00
Georgia .	289	δ <u>5</u>	-	347	352	93.5	2524 م	2.60	-	-	24 >	24	6.5	812	0.83
Hawaii	13	57 -	232	2	289	100.0	1279	2.34	-	-	-	0	0.0	0	0.00
Idaho	34	24	13	-	13	100.0	52	0.54		-	_ ~	Ō	^ 0.0	l. ŏ	0.00
Illinois ~	97	. 24	20	7	24 .	70.6	245	2.60	10	-		10	29.4	175	1.85
Indiana	76,	-	76	- ,	. 20	20.6	146	0.13	}`-	′. 77°	-	77	79.4	1256	1.10
Iowa 🔎	122	8 1	108	· -	76 109	100.0	455	0.83	-		-	0	0.0	l å	0.00
Kansas	105	_	105	-	105	89.3	958	3.29	2	9	2	13	10.7	382	1.31
Kentucky	11	_	11	<u>-</u>	. 11	100.0	777	3.29	j -		-	0	0.0	0	0.00
Louisiana	38	3	35	-	38	100.0 100.0	132	0.36	<u> </u>	-	-	0	0.0	0	0.00
Maine	80		35	45	80	100.0	331 626	0.79	- \	<u>-</u>	-	0	0.0	J 0 .	0.00
Maryland	32	-	32		32 •	100.0	236	5.56 0.56	-	-	-	Ō	0.0	0	0.00
Massachusetts	197	: `	165	√ ≉15	180	91.4	1170	2.04	-	· <u>-</u> .	-	0 ,	0.0	0 .	0.00
Michigan	344	14	261	69	344	100.0	2900	3.13	i -	17	-	.17	8.6	425	0.74
Minnesota	217	- '	. 119 -	97	216	99.5	2170	5.32	-	-	_	Ő	0.0	. 0	0.00
Mississippi	18	10	, 8	- *	18	100.0	144	0.57	- 0	ol -	Ī	1	0.5	20	0.00
Missouri	241	. -	127	54	181	75.1	1037	2.11	نيا	- 20	. <i>J.</i> - 40	0	0.0	. 0	0.00
Montana	68	-	68	-	68	100.0	555	7.05	1]	-	4 Ų .	. , 60 O	24.9 0.0	1232	2.51
Nebraska ,	91	78	8	5 -	91 •	.100.0	600	3.82	_	_	· •	0		. 0	0.00
Nevada	47	25	47	-	47	100.0	158	1.98			- , '	0	0.0	0	0.00
New Hampshire	60		35 ´	· _	60	100.0	299	3.25	_			Ö	0.0	0	0.00
New Jersey	95	4	87	4	95	100.0	700	0.95		-	_	O.	0.0	0	0.00
New Mexico	37	-	37	-	37	100.0	245	1.89	<u> -</u>	_	୍ର ବ	0	0.0	0	0.00
New York	723	183	524	•-	707	97.8	6351	3.62	<u>.</u>	- 16	_	16	2.2	346	0.00 0.19
North Carolina North Dakota	121	41	80 25	0 ÷ .	121	100.0	605	1.03	_		-	0	0.0	0	0.00
MOTELL DRKOTS	28	7	25	-	25	89,3	204	3.13	-	3	-	3	10.7	57	0.87
•			,		*	- 11		[]		•		.	-0.,	,,	0.07
				-			<u>·</u>								

2บ

Table 2 (cont.)

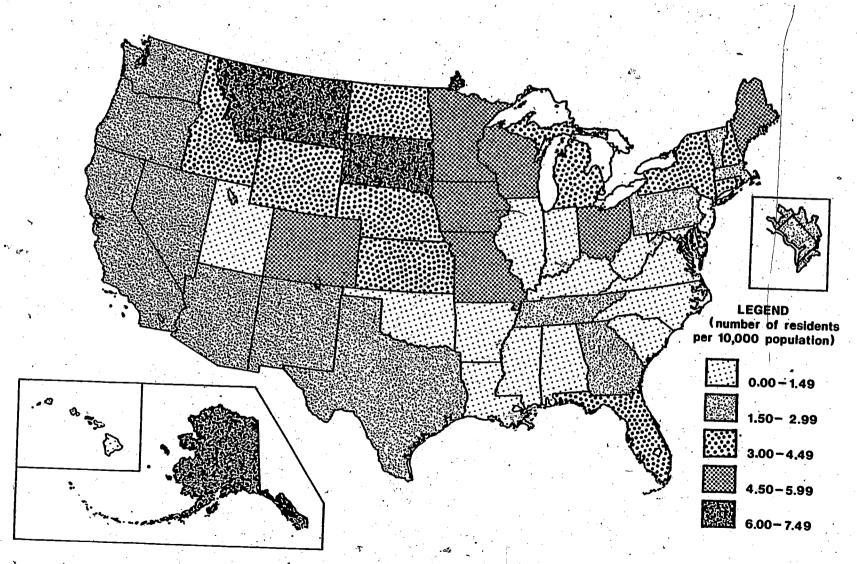
Total Number of Group Home Sites		-	,	Num Sites*	ber of Grou ≤15 beds b	p Home y Auspice	· · · · · · ·] F	Rates		_ Numbe Sites ≥1	r of Group H 6 Beds by A	dome		1 5	:
Oklahoma 11 - 11 - 11 100.0 77 0.25 10 18 28 6.2 740 0. Oregon 49 - 41 - 41 83.7 469 1.78 - 8 - 8 16.3 148 0. Rhode Island 56 10 46 - 56 100.0 368 3.89 0 0.01 0 0.0 South Carolina 28 28 6.2 740 0. 770 0.25 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0 0.		of Group Home	Govern-	tary (Non-	tary	of GH Sites	Total GH	of Resi- dents in GHs	of Resi- dents Per 10,000	Govern-	Volun- tary (Non-	Proprie- tary	Total # of GH Sites ≥16	Total GH	Number of Resi- dents in GHs	Number of Resi- dents per 10,000 Pop.
South Dakota 47	Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina " South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	11 49 519 56 28 47 135 227 30 24 47 125 19 194 36	- 15 10 21 - 85 2 - - 12 11	11 41 462 46 7 47 135 100 25 24 47 52 6 104 36	42 - - 42 3 - 50 - 50	11 41 519 56 28 47 135 227 30 24 47 102* 18 165 36	100.0 83.7 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 81.6 94.7 85.1	77 469 2104 368 230 470 945 2343 197 141 448 660 148 1626	0.25 1.78 1.77 3.89 0.74 6.81 2.06 1.65 1.35 2.76 0.84 1.60 0.76 3.46 3.63		- 8 	11	0 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 23 1 29**	0.0 16.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 18.4 5.3 14.9 0.0	148 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 508 30 1046	0.69 0.00 0.56 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

TABLE 3: NUMBER, AUSPICE AND UTILIZATION RATES FOR INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED AS OF JANUARY, 1982

	/		 Number of ICF 	-MR Sites ≤ 15 Beds I	by Auspice —————	· 1 i	Rates ————
6	Total Number of			•			1/0103
•	Group '				Total # % of of ICF-MR Total	Number of	
	Home		Voluntary	Proprietary		Residents	Number of ICF-MR
State	Sites	Government	(Non-Profit)	P (Profit)	Sites GH <u>≤15 Beds</u> Sites	In ICF-MRs	Residents Per
Alabama	33		·		215 0000	≤15 Beds	10,000 Population
Alaska	43	•	<u> </u>	-	0.0	0	0.00
Arizona	110 /	, -	3	· •	3 ~ 7.0	20	0.50
Arkansas ı	23 (• -	· -	0 0.0		0.00
California	229	•	-	· -	0 0.0	هٔ ۱۱	0.00
Colorado	184	32		•	0 . 0.0	ll ŏ	0.00
Connecticut	87	1 2	28	3	63 34.2	548	1.90
" Delaware	. 1 8	0	7 ,	- .	7 9.1	69	0.22
District of Columbia	.25 *	-	<u>.</u> .	· -	0.0] o	0.00
Fiorida	376	5	2		2 9.0	16	0.25
Georgia	289		•	. 5	10 2. 7	. 80	0.06
Hawali	. 13	ľ [.	•	-	0.0	0,	0.00
Idaho- '	, 34	9	0_	•	0.0	ll o'	0.00
Ittinois 🎍 、	÷ 97	1 -	-	-	9 26.5	95	1.01
Indiana	76	1]	5 30	-	_5 5.2	.60	0.05
lowa	122	l [. 30 2	-	3 <u>8</u> 50.0	223	0.41
Kanses	- 105]	· 2	-	2 1.6	24	0.08
Kentucky	11			- ,	1 0.9	11	0.05
Louislana	38	3	23	- .	0 (0.0	0	0.00
Maine	80 °		22	. -	26 68.4.	218	0.52
Maryland	32	_		•	22' 27.5	276	2.45
Massachusetts	197		. 8	_	0 0.0		0.00
Michigen	344	_	133	-	8 4.1	60	0.10
Minnesota	217	.	119	- 97	133 38.7	811	0.99
Mississippi	10 🗸	~			216 99.5	2170	5.32
Missouri	241	•	2 ·	_	0 0.0 2 0.8] _0	. 0.00
Montana	68 .		ī "	- ^		30	0.06
Nebraska	91	-	· <u>-</u>	- A	<u> </u>	5	0.06
Nevada	47	- '	1	<u>-</u>	0 0.0 1 2.1		0.00
New Hampshire	60 4			÷	0 0.0	15	0.19
New Jersey	95	- •	•	_	0 , 0.0	p	0.00
New Mexico New York	37	•	4		4 10.8	0 40	0.00
North Carolina	723	. 33	196	· _	229 31.7	2114	0.31
North Dakota	121	8	8 .	-	. 16 13.2	90	1.20
Ohio	² 28 453		3	- ,	3 10.7	35	0.15 *0.54
Olkahoma	11	4	12	3	19 4.2	228	0.34
Oregon	49	· •	•_	•	0 0.0	1 70	0.21
Pennsylvania	519	•	2	•	2 4.1	22	0.00
Rhode Island	56	10	12		12 . 2.3	98	0.08
South Carolina	28	10 20	46	•	56 100 . 0	368	3.89
South Dakota	47	Z U	11 ·	•	24 85.7	197	0.63
Tennessee	135	• -	. 10	-	11 23.4	130	2.00-
Texas	227	50	100	-	10 7.4	95	0.21
Utah	30		100	42	192 84.6	2218	1.56
Vermont	24	•	10	■,	0 0.0	0	0.00
Virginia '	47,		3 %	<u>-</u>	10 41.7	60	1.17
Weshington	125	-			3 6.4	38	0.07
West Virginia	19	-	2	· -	0 0.0	0	0.00
Wisconsin .	194	1	14	-	2 10.5 15 7.7	16	0.08
Wyoming	36	•	- ,	4	15 7.7 0 0.0	176	0.37
Total	(700			•	· 0.0	\ 0	0.00
- OCAL	6302	175	832	150	1157 18.3	10664	0.47
		* **		•		1	0.47

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

FIGURE 1: Utilization Rates of Group Home Beds by States, January, 1982





APPENDIX A: State Agencies Responsible for Group Home Programs For Mentally Retarded/
Developmentally Disabled Persons

Alabama

Alabama Department of Mental Health Community Programs and Community Living Arrangements 135 South Union Street Montgomery, Alabama 36130

Ray Owens 205-834-4350

Alaska

Alaska Department of Health and Social Services Developmental Disabilities Section Pouch H-04 Juneau, Alaska 99811

Dr. Robert P. Gregovich 907-465-3370

<u>Arizona</u>

Arizona Department of Economic Security Division of Developmental Disabilities P.O. Box 6760 Phoenix, Arizona 85005

Dan Scott or Jerry Dandoy 602-255-5775

Arkansas

Arkansas Department of Human Services Mental Retardation/Dev.Dis.Svcs. Community Client Services Suite 400, Waldon Building 7th and Main Little Rock, Arkansas 72201

Bonnie Martin 501-371-3419

California

California Department of
Developmental Services
1600 9th Street
3rd Floor South
Sacramento, California 95814

Ida Tsuyikawa Zodrow 916-445-6168

Colorado

Colorado Department of Institutions Division for Developmental Disabilities 3824 W. Princeton Circle Denver, Colorado 80236

Ray Del Turco 303-761-5990

Connecticut

Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation Licensing and Review Unit 342 N. Main Street West Hartford, CT. 06117

Catherine Stevens, Director 203-236-2531

Delaware

Delaware Division of Mental Retardation Community Residential Services Route #1 Box 1000 Georgetown, Delaware 19947

Mrs. Elizabeth Walker 302-934-8031

District of Columbia

District of Columbia Department of Human Services
Commission on Social Services
Mental Ret./Dev.Dis. Admin.
Bureau of Comm. Svcs.
2146 Georgia Ave., N.W.
Room 204
Washington, D.C. 20001

Christina Eames 202-673-6897

<u>Florida</u>

Florida Department of
Health and Rehabilitation Services
Developmental Services Program Office
Client, Services Section
1311 Winewood Blvd.
Building 5
Tallahassee, Florida 32301

David Rodriguez 904-488-3673

<u>Georgia</u>

Georgia Department of Human Resources Division of Mental Health and Mental Retardation Room 307H 47 Trinity Avenue, S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30334

Van Younginer 404-656-6543

<u>Hawaii</u>

Hawaii Department of Health Family Health Division Opmmunity Service for the Dev. Dis. 741A Sunset Avenue Honolulu, Hawaii 96816

Ethel Yamane 808-732-0935

Idaho

Idaho Department of Health and Welfare Bureau of Dev. Dis. Division of Comm. Rehab. 450 W. State 10th floor Boise, Idaho 83720

Paul Swatsenborg 208-334-4181

Illinois

Illinois Department of Mental Health & Developmental Disabilities 402 Stratton Office Bldg. Springfield, Illinois 62706

Ann Kiley 217-782-5063

Indiana

Indiana Department of Mental Health Division on Dev. Dis. Residential Services 429 N. Pennsylvania St. Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Mike Morton, Director 317-232-7836

<u>lowa</u>

Iowa Department of Social Services Bureau of Children Services Hoover State Office Bldg. Des Moines, Iowa 50319

Jim Krogman 515-281-6003



<u>Iowa</u>

Iowa Department of Social Services
Bureau of Adult Services
Hoover State Office Bldg.
Des Moines, Iowa 50319

Bill Turner 515-281-6003

Kansas

Kansas Department of Social and Rehab. Svcs. Mental Health and Retard. Svcs. 5th Floor State Office Building Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dr. Dan Horner, Al Nemec 913-296-3773

Kentucky

Kentucky Department of Human Resources Depart. for Health Services Division of Comm. Services for the M.R. 275 East Main Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Daryl Martin 502-564-7700

<u>Louisiana</u>

Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources Office of Mental Retardation Comm. Srvc. Div. ... 721 Government Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802

George D. Stock 504-342-6814

Maine

Maine Department of Mental Health and Corrections Bureau of Mental Retardation Room 411 State Office Building Augusta, Maine 04333

Robert N. Foster 207-289-3161

<u>Maryland</u>

Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene MR/DD Administration 201 W. Preston Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201

Daryl Hagy 301-383-3314

Massachusetts

Massachusets Department of Mental Health Licensing Unit 160 N. Washington Street Boston, Massachusetts 02114

Michael Weeks 617-727-2154

Office for Children
Group Care and Placement,
Licensing and Consultation Unit
120 Boyleston St.
Boston, MA 02116

Susan Shields 617-727-8958

Massachusetts Department of Mental Health Office of Program & Services 160 N. Washington Street Boston, MA 02114

Rene Cochin 617-727-9863



<u>Michigan</u>

Michigan Department of Mental Health Office of Community Placement Lewis Cass Building 6th floor Lansing, Michigan 48926

Mr. Urbano Censoni, Director 517-373-2900

Minnesota

Minnesota Department of Public Welfare Mental Retardation Program Division Centennial Office Building 4th floor St. Paul, Minnesota 55155

Gordon Krantz 612-296-2136

<u>Mississippi</u>

Mississippi Department of Mental Health Division of Mental Retardation 1102 Robert E. Lee Bldg. Jackson, Mississippi 39210

Ray Wallace 601-354-6692

Missouri

Missouri Department of Mental Health Division of Mental Ret, and Developmental Disabilities 2002 Missouri Blvd. P.O. Box 687 Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

Sharon McBride 314-751-4054

Montana -

Montana Department of Soc. Rehab. Svcs. Developmental Disabilities Division Management Systems & Planning Bureau P.O. Box 4210 111 Sanders Street Helena, Montana 59601

Patricia Sharp 406-449-2995

Montana Department of Social Rehab. Svcs. Developmental Disabilities Division Regional Serv. Bureau P.O. Box 4210 111 Sanders Street Helena, Montana 59601

Jim Meldrum 406-449-2995

Nebraska

Nebraska Division of Public Institutions Office of Mental Retardation Statehouse P.O. Box 94728 Lincoln, Nebraska 68508

Glenn Teal 402-471-2851

Nevada

Nevada Department of
Human Resources
Division of Mental Hygiene & Men. Ret.
1937 N. Carson St.
Suite 244
Capital Mall Complex
Carson City, Nevada 89710

Jack Middleton 702-885-5943



New Hampshire

New Hampshire Division of M.H. and Dev. Service Community Dev. Serv. Office Hazen Drive Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Richard Crocker 603-271-4707

New Jersey

New Jersey Department of Human Services Division of Mental Retardation Community Services 222 South Warren Street Capital Place One Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Wendy Bartfalzi 609-984-5349

New Mexico

New Mexico Health and Environment Department Behavioral Health Services Division Developmental Disabilities Bureau P.O. Box 968 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87503

Louis Landry, Chief 505-827-5271, Ext. 241

New York

New York State Office of
Mental Retardation and
Developmental Disabilities
Bureau of Residential Services-3rd Floor
44 Holland Avenue
Albany, New York 12229

Richard P. Johnson 518-473-4100

North Carolina

North Carolina Division of Mental Health and Mental Retardation Serv.
Albemarle Building
325 N. Salisbury Street
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611

Libby Dishler & Richard Parker 919-733-3654

North Dakota

North Dakota Department of Human Services Community MR/DD Programs Habilitation Services 909 Basic Avenue Bismarck, Narth Dakota 58505

Jack C. Brooks 706-224-2768

Ohio

Ohio Department of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Office of Quality Assurance State Office Tower Room 1257 30 E. Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215

Robert Gibson 614-466-5515

Oklahoma

Olkahoma Department of Human Services Division of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Division of Placement and Residential Dev. P.O. Box 25325 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Ray Ashworth 405-521-3617



Oregon

Oregon Department of Human Resources MR/DD Program Office 2575 Bittern St., N.E. Salem, Oregon 97310

Lori Lindberg 503-378-2429

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare Office of Mental Retardation 302 Health and Welfare Building Harrisburg, PA 17120

Mel Knowlton 717-783-5758

Rhode Island

Rhode Island Department of M.H./M.R. and Hospitals
Division of Retardation
600 New London Avenue
Cranston, Rhode Island 02920

Bob Day 401-464-3231

South Carolina -

South Carolina Department of Mental Retardation Community Services Division P.O. Box 4706 Columbia, South Carolina 29240

S. Donald LaBelle 803-758-7280

South Dakota

South Dakota Department of Social Services Office of Developmental Disabilities Richard F. Kneip Building 2nd Floor Pierre, South Dakota 57501

Ed Campbell 605-773-3438

Tennessee

Tennessee Department of MH & MR Division of Mental Retardation Community Services Section James K. Polk State Office Bldg. 505 Deaderick Street Nashville, Tennessee 37219

Pat Nichols 615-741-3806

Texas

Texas Department of MH/MR Mental Retardation Services Box 12668, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

Carl Risinger 512-465-4520

Utah

Utah Department of Social Services
Division for the Dev Disabled/
Mentally Retarded
150 West North Temple
Suite 370
P.O. Box 2500
Salt Lake City, Utah 84110

Fay Price 801-533-7146

Vermont

Vermont Department of Mental Health Comm. Mental Ret. Programs 103 S. Main Street Waterbury, Vermont 05676

Dr. Ronald Melzer 802-241-2636



<u>Virginia</u>

Virginia Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation Community Mental Retardation Services P.O. Box 1797 Richmond, Virginia 23214

Carol Singer Metz, Director 804-786-3907

Washington

Washington Department of Social and Health Services Division of Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Unit State Office Building #2 Olympia, Washington 98504

John Stern, Asst. Director 206-753-0597

West Virginia

West Virginia Department of Health Office of Behavioral Health Services Developmental Disabilities Program Unit 1800 Washington St., East Charleston, West Virginia 25305

R. Kent Bowker, Director 304-348-2276

Wisconsin

Wisconsin Department of Health and Social Services
Bureau of Developmental Disabilities
Office of Regulation and Licensing
1 West Wilson Street
Madison, Wisconsin 53702

Mike Peters 608-266-5808

Wyoming

Wyoming Department of Health and Social Services
Division of Community Programs
Developmental Disabilities Unit
Hathaway Building
Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001

Steve Zimmerman 307-777-6488 APPENDIX B:

Statewide Associations Involved With Group Homes for Mentally Retarded/ Developmentally Disabled Adults

Alaska

Alaska Asso. of Dev. Dis. Contractors Fairbanks Rehabilitation Association 805 Airport Road Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

Bill Repicci 907-456-8901

<u>Arizona</u>

The Arizona Assn. of Provider Agencies for the Developmentally Disabled Saguaro Foundation P.O. Box 5556 Yuma, Arizona 85364

Brian Spicker 602-783-6069 or 783-4012

California

California Association of Residential Care Homes
2530 J Street
Sacramento, California 95816

Chuck Skoien \ 916-447-8885

CARR P.O. Drawer 368 Reseda, California 91335

Sonny Ash 213-345-8460

Connecticut

Connecticut Assn. of Residential Facilities 10 Irving Street Hartford, CT 06112

Wilene Crain, Director 203-247-4378

Idaho

Idaho Shelter Home Operators Assn. P.O. Box 116 Darlington, Idaho 83231

Van Campbell, President 208-588-3047

<u>Iowa</u>

Iowa Assn. of Private Residential Facilities for the Mentally Rétarded 1020 William St.
Iowa City, Iowa 52240

Benny Leonard 319-338-9212

Maine

Maine ICF/MR Coalition 1 Green Street Biddeford, Maine 04005

Armand Altman 207-282-3741

Maryland

Maryland Coalition of State Residential Program Directors Howard County Assn. for Retarded Citizens Suite 251 Wild Lake Village Green Columbia, Maryland 21044

Jacky Ring 301-730-0638

Massachusetts

Massachusetts Council of Voluntary Providers 18 Tremont Street Boston, MA 02116

Father John Croning

Massachusetts Council of Human Service Providers 59 Temple Place - Suite 508 Boston, MA. 02111

Bob Burns 617-451-3596

New England Child Care Assn. 77 Mulberry Street Leicester, MA 01524

Father Edmund Tinsley 617-892-4886

Michigan

Michigan Residential Care Association 15195 Farmington Road Suite A-1 Livonia, Michigan 48154

Kenneth Hale, Executive Director 313-525-0727

Minnesota

Association of Residences for the Retarded in Minnesota 459 Pine Street St. Paul, Minnesota 55103

Harold Dapper 612-291-7475

Missouri

Missouri Association of Facilities For The Handicapped P.O. Box 1796 Columbia, Missouri 65205

Tommy Tomlin 314-875-6181

Montana

Montana Assn of Independent Deliverers of Service P.O. Box 1944 Bozeman, Montana 59715

Gary Pagnotta

New Jersey

New Jersey Group Home Providers Association Somerset W.A.M.H. 28 South Doughty Avenue Somerville, New Jersey 08876

Marty Santoluci 201-685-1444

New York

NYS Association of Community Residence Administrators c/o Rensselaer Association For Retarded Children 27 Brunswick Road Troy/New York 12180

Karen Myers 518-273-6600

North Carolina

North Carolina Community
Living Arrangement Assn.
The Rockingham Council on MR
Route 8
Box 118
Reidsville, North Carolina 27320

Bonnie Nelson 919-342-4761

North Carolina Assn. of Residences For The Retarded The Tammy Lynn Residential Center 739 Chappell Drive Raleigh, North Carolina 27605

Steve Ramey 919-832-3909



<u>Ohio</u>

Ohio Private Residential Assn. 1350 W. 5th Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43212

Linda Wadde 614-486-4920

Oregon

Oregon Private ICF-MR Assn. 1960 Center Street, N.E. Salem, Oregon 97301

Anson Bell, President 503-399-7924

Oregon Residential Facilities Assn. 1960 Center Street, N.E. Salem, Oregon 97301

Anson Bell, President 503-399-7924

Oregon Association of Rehabilitation Facilities 1893 Alder Street Eugene, Oregon 97401

Joan Bradley

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania Association of Rehabilitation Facilities P.O. Box 608 Camp Hill, PA 17011

Rebecca Case 717-763-7053

Rhode Island

Rhode Island Association For Residential Services 166 Lavan Street Warwick, Rhode Island 02888

Karen Asher 401-785-9530

South Dakota

South Dakota Association of Adjustment Services 1423 9th Avenue, S.E. Watertown, South Dakota 57201

John Stengel, President 605-886-8048

Tennessee

MR/DD Community Program
Association of Tennessee
Pacesetters, Inc.
P.O. Box 631
1904 Fisk Road
Cookeville, Tennessee 38501

Fred Waddle 615-528-6521

<u>Virginia</u>

Community Living Arrangements for the Mentally Retarded in Virginia Hampton-Newport News Comm. Services Board Suite 202 1520 Aberdeen Road Hampton, Virginia 23666

Susan Winborne, Chairman 804-826-6714

Virginia Association of Community Services Boards 8701 Duval Street Fairfax, Virginia 22030

Emily Miller



Washington

Washington Developmental Disabilities Residential Services Association The Resource Foundation 503-318th St., N.W. Stanwood, Washington 98292

Beverly Wilson, President 206-258-1094

Wisconsin

Wisconsin Association For Residential Facilities 922 Ferry Street LaCrosse, Wisconsin 54601

Peter Kinsinger, Exec. Dir. 608-782-5568